

ERIC GIBSON
DIRECTOR

## County of S an Diego

#### **DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE**

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

March 25, 2010

# CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Project Numbers/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TM 5535 / ER 07-09-005 / Village Walk Townhomes (14-Unit)

- Lead agency name and address:
   County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Contact Valerie Walsh, Project Manager
  - b. Phone number: (858) 694-2069
  - c. E-mail: valerie.walsh@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The corner of La Brea and Pala Streets, Ramona, California 92065

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1152, Grid G/1

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Steve Powell, P.O. Box 823, Ramona, CA 92065

6. General Plan Designation

Community Plan: Ramona Community Plan

Land Use Designation: 13
Density: n/a

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: C34

Minimum Lot Size: 6,000 square feet Special Area Regulation: B, D3, Por F

#### 8. Description of project:

This is a request to develop approximately 1.31 net acres into 14 detached, 2 story townhomes that are approximately 1,764 square feet. The project site is located at the intersection of La Brea and Pala Street, approximately 700 feet north of Main Street in the Ramona Community Planning Area, within unincorporated San Diego County. The site is subject to the General Plan Regional Category of a Current Urban Development Area (CUDA), Land Use Designation (13) General Commercial. Zoning for the site is C34 General Commercial/Residential Use Regulation. The site is currently undeveloped. Proposed access to the site would be via a private driveway accessing La Brea and Robertson Street. The project also proposes offsite road, curb, and gutter improvements equivalent to 0.35-acre. The project would be served by the Ramona Fire Department, Ramona Municipal Water District, and the Ramona Unified School District. A 10-inch water main, approximately 540 feet, will extend into the site from the corner of La Brea and Pala Streets along Pala and Robertson Street. Earthwork will consist of approximately 1,150 cubic yards of total grading material.

#### 9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

Lands surrounding the project site are used for commercial, single–family and multi-family residential, and undeveloped. The topography of the project site and adjacent land is 1,410 to 1,420 feet above mean sea level. The site is located two blocks north of Main Street, in the Community of Ramona.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Site Plan	County of San Diego
Tentative Map	County of San Diego
County Right-of-Way Permits	County of San Diego
Construction Permit	
Excavation Permit	
Encroachment Permit	
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
National Pollutant Discharge Elimination	RWQCB
System (NPDES) Permit	
General Construction Storm water	RWQCB
Permit	

Printed Name

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Water District Approval	Ramona Water District
Sewer District Approval	Ramona Sewer District
Fire District Approval	Ramona Fire Protection District

check impac	eed below would be pote to that is a "Potentially Si ation Incorporated," as in	ntially affected by this gnificant Impact" or a	project and involve a Less Than Significar	it least one nt With
☐ Ha ☐ Mir ☐ Pu ☐ Uti	sthetics blogical Resources zards & Haz. Materials neral Resources blic Services lities & Service	☐ Agricultural Resource ☐ Cultural Resource ☐ Hydrology & Wate Quality ☐ Noise ☐ Recreation ☑ Mandatory Finding	Geology  □ Land Use □ Populatio □ Transpor	
	ERMINATION: (To be co e basis of this initial eval		Agency)	
	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.			
<b>√</b>	On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.			
On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.				
Va	MWrh		March 25, 2010	
Signa	ture		Date	
Valerie Walsh Land Use/Environm			ental Planner	

Title

#### INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Potential Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

	THETICS Would the project: lave a substantial adverse effect on a s	scenic	vista?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discussion/Explanation:				

A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands, but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.

The items that can be seen within a vista are visual resources. Adverse impacts to individual visual resources or the addition of structures or developed areas may or may not adversely affect the vista. Determining the level of impact to a scenic vista requires analyzing the changes to the vista as a whole and also to individual visual resources.

**No Impact:** Scenic vistas are singular vantage points that offer unobstructed views of valued viewsheds, including areas designated as official scenic vistas along major highways or County designated visual resources. Based on a site visit completed by Valerie Walsh on July 5, 2007 the proposed project is not located near or visible from a scenic vista and will not change the composition of an existing scenic vista. The project site is located at the intersection of La Brea and Pala Street, two blocks north of Main Street (State Route 67) in the Community of Ramona, and is not located near any scenic vistas. A commercial center is located along the frontage of Main Street and obstructs views from Main Street to the property site. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on a scenic vista because the proposed project viewshed and past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated to determine their cumulative effects. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the scenic vista's viewshed and will not contribute to a cumulative impact because: the project is compatible with the current zoning and general plan designations, the project proposes housing adjacent to commercial use properties, and is surrounded by a mixture of single-family and multi-family residential uses. Therefore, the project will not result in adverse project or cumulative impacts on a scenic vista.

prope	ties, and is surrounded by a mixture of the thick that the project will not result in the tribute.	of singl	e-family and multi-family residenti
b)	Substantially damage scenic resource outcroppings, and historic buildings wi	•	•
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
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State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as scenic (Caltrans - California Scenic Highway Program). Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The scenic highway corridor extends to the visual limits of the landscape abutting the scenic highway.

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially No Impact: designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. Based on a site visit completed by Valerie Walsh on July 5, 2007 the proposed project is not located near or visible within the same composite viewshed as a State scenic highway and will not change the visual composition of an existing scenic resource within a State scenic highway. Generally, the area defined within a State scenic highway is the land adjacent to and visible from the vehicular right-of-way. The dimension of a scenic highway is usually identified using a motorist's line of vision, but a reasonable boundary is selected when the view extends to the distant horizon. The project site is located at the intersection of La Brea and Pala Street, two blocks north of Main Street (State Route 67) in the Community of Ramona. A commercial center is located along the frontage of Main Street and obstructs views from Main Street to the property site. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway.

C)	Substantially degrade the existing visual surroundings?	char	acter or quality of the site and it
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers.

The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding area can be characterized as a mixture of commercial, single-family and multi-family residential uses, and undeveloped areas. The project proposes 14 condominium units located on 1.31 net acres that is located between commercial development to the southeast. undeveloped land to the north and east, and residential uses to the west and east. Multi-family dwellings are located northeast of the property on the opposite side of the Day Street. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: the project is compatible with the current zoning and general plan designations, provides housing adjacent to commercial use properties that, and is surrounded by a mixture of single-family and multi-family residential uses. The proposed 14-unit detached townhomes will be smaller in dominance and scale when compared with the commercial center across La Brea Street and the multi-family dwellings located on the opposite of Day Street. However the townhomes will be larger in dominance and scale when compared with the single-family homes to the west and east and undeveloped lands to the north and east. Therefore the proposed 14-unit detached townhomes will provide a use that is a combination of the existing diverse landscape that is located off of Ramona Main Street.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: the project is compatible with the current zoning and general plan designations, proposes higher density housing adjacent to commercial use properties, and is surrounded by a mixture of single-family and multifamily residential uses. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

,	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	are, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B. However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and

Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

#### II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

t	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmlamportance (Important Farmland), as she he Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Pagency, or other agricultural resources,	own o rogra	n the maps prepared pursuant to m of the California Resources
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
designa Importa Monitor resourc	pact: The project site does not contented as Prime Farmland, Unique Farmlance as shown on the maps prepared ring Program of the California Resources including Prime Farmland, Unique apportance will be converted to a non-ag	land, pursuces A Farm	or Farmland of Statewide or Local ant to the Farmland Mapping and gency. Therefore, no agricultural land, or Farmland of Statewide or
b) (	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ral us	e, or a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

**No Impact:** The project site is zoned C34 – General Commercial, which is not considered to be an agricultural zone. Additionally, the project site's land is not under a Williamson Act Contract. Therefore, the project does not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract.

•	Involve other changes in the existing environmental result in conversion of Impresources, to non-agricultural use?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
contair Unique prepar Resou Statew	pact: The project site and surrounding any active agricultural operations or Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide or ed pursuant to the Farmland Mapping arces Agency. Therefore, no Prime Faride or Local Importance, or active agricultural use.	lands Local and M armlan	s designated as Prime Farmland, Importance as shown on the maps onitoring Program of the California d, Unique Farmland, Farmland of
applica	R QUALITY Where available, the signable air quality management or air pollutions the following determinations. Would the	on cor	ntrol district may be relied upon to
,	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of		
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
The prused i emission growth the RA	Than Significant Impact: roject proposes development that was an development of the RAQS and SIP. ons of ozone precursors that were constructions. As such, the proposed protacts or the SIP. In addition, the operation reening levels, and subsequently will not	Ope sidered sject is onal er	eration of the project will result in d as a part of the RAQS based on not expected to conflict with either missions from the project are below
•	Violate any air quality standard or contril projected air quality violation?	oute s	ubstantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

### **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The project proposes a residential subdivision for a 14-unit condominium development. Grading activities will have a volume of cut in the amount of 1,150 cubic yards, a volume of fill in the amount of 1,150 cubic yards. The total acreage to be graded for construction is approximately 1.83 gross acres. Grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 112 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

,	Result in a cumulatively considerable newhich the project region is non-attainment ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precur	nt und	der an applicable federal or state
;		eleasi	ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>). San Diego

County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns ( $PM_{10}$ ) under the CAAQS.  $O_3$  is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides ( $NO_x$ ) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of  $PM_{10}$  in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Less Than Significant Impact: Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM<sub>10</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and VOCs from construction/grading activities, and also as the result of increase of traffic from project implementation. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal, localized and temporary resulting in PM<sub>10</sub> and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 112 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance.

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM10, or any  $O_3$  precursors.

d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	al pollu	utant concentrations?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12<sup>th</sup> Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly.

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

Based a site visit conducted by Valerie Walsh on June 5, 2007, no sensitive receptors have been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) occur of the proposed project. Further, the proposed project will not generate significant levels of air pollutants. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.

e)	e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				
would sulfide, endoto if prese signific Moreov area ar	result from volatile organic compound, methane, alcohols, aldehydes, amine xins from the construction and operation ant air quality — odor impacts are exper, the affects of objectionable odors and will not contribute to a cumulatively contribute a substantial adverse effect, either on any species identified as a candidate local or regional plans, policies, or regular	ds, and s, card all phases (less pected all phases all pected all pected all project all project all project all project all project all pected all project all pr	nmonia, carbon dioxide, hydrogen bonyls, esters, disulfides dust and ases. However, these substances, is that 1 µg/m³). Subsequently, no d to affect surrounding receptors. Alized to the immediate surrounding rable odor.  t: tty or through habitat modifications, itive, or special status species in		
	Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	Servi			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discus	sion/Explanation:				

Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated: Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, a site visit by Valerie Walsh in May 2007 and February 2009, and a Biological Resources Letter Report (HDR, January 2010), the site supports the following habitat types that will be impacted as a result of this project: 1.11 acres of non-native grassland, 0.28-acre of disturbed land, and 0.43-acre of developed land equivalent to approximate total of 1.82 acres (1.47 gross acres plus 0.35-acre offsite improvements). No sensitive plant species and one County

sensitive wildlife species was observed foraging onsite: western bluebird (Sialia mexicana).

In addition to the above mentioned surveys, a biological resource report for the Ramona Gardens Project (Vincent N. Scheidt, January 2000) had noted the presence of woolly marbles (Psilocarphus sp.), toad rush (Juncus bufonis), and loosestrife (Lythrum hyssopifolium) in the southeastern portion of the property, which are indicative of a vernal pool vegetation community. However, historical surveys conducted on October 6, 1998 (Impact Sciences, October 29, 1998), January 6, 2004 and May 27, 2004 (Ecological Ventures, June 7, 2004), March to July 2003 (TAIC and EDAW, January 2005), and December 6, 2006 and April 2, 2007 (HDR, January 2010) had negative detections of vernal pool plant species. In addition to the above mentioned surveys a soil sample was collected in the depression on the property site for a dry season fairy shrimp analysis with negative results for branchiopod cysts and San Diego fairy shrimp (Branchinecta sandiegoensis). Since no evidence of vernal pool plant species were observed on the property since 2000 and no fairy shrimp cyst were found during wet and dry season surveys it was determined that the site does not support a vernal pool plant community as a result of site condition changes due to surrounding development, changes in drainage patterns, and pollution from stormwater runoff.

Habitat assessments were also conducted for the federally endangered and state species of special concern arroyo southwestern toad (*Bufo californicus*), federally endangered and state threatened Stephens' kangaroo rat (*Dipodomys stephensi*), and state species of concern western burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia hypugeae*). No sensitive plants or animals (including those listed in the preceding sentence) were detected or expected to occur on the project site.

The 1.11 acre impact of non-native grassland will be mitigated offsite with native or non-native grassland equivalent to 0.55-acre in the Community of Ramona or the nearest available location. In addition, the project will be conditioned such that no brushing, clearing and/or grading will be allowed on the project site during the breeding season of migratory birds occurring between February 15<sup>th</sup> and August 31<sup>st</sup>.

County staff reviewed the past, present, and probable future projects as listed in Section XVII(b) and has determined that the cumulative loss of non-native grassland habitat may cause a significant impact on candidate, sensitive, or special status species. However, this project's contribution to 1.11 acres of the cumulative habitat loss will be less than cumulatively considerable because the project will mitigate for the 1.11 acres at a pre-determined ratio (0.5:1) equivalent to 0.55-acre of native or non-native grassland within the Community of Ramona. The offsite mitigation location will be located in biologically-viable and similar functioning habitat that contributes to the preservation of candidate, sensitive, or special status species

Therefore, staff has determined that although the project will impact 1.11 acres of nonnative grassland, implementation of the mitigation measure described above will ensure that the project will not result in substantial adverse effect, or have a cumulatively considerable impact to these species.

b)	natural community identified in local or the California Department of Fish and G	region	nal plans, policies, regulations or by
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
directla sensiabove identificame	than Significant with Mitigation Incomplete yimpact 1.11 acres of non-native grasslesitive natural community within San Dieseld, direct, indirect and cumulative implied in the County of San Diego Resource Code, and Endangered Species Act are plementation of offsite habitat acquisition	and. ego Co acts e Prof cons	Non-native grassland is considered ounty. As detailed in response a) to sensitive natural communities tection Ordinance, MSCP, Fish and
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on fed Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (incl pool, coastal, etc.) through direct remove other means?	luding	, but not limited to, marsh, vernal
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: Based on a site visit conducted by County staff (July 2007 and February 2009), and as supported by the Biological Letter Report dated January 2010 prepared by HDR Engineering, a slight depression was noted within the non-native grassland onsite. A biological resource report for the Ramona Gardens Project (Vincent N. Scheidt, January 2000) had noted the presence of woolly marbles (Psilocarphus sp.), toad rush (Juncus bufonis), and loosestrife (Lythrum hyssopifolium), which are indicative of a vernal pool vegetation community. However, historical surveys conducted in October 6, 1998 (Impact Sciences, October 29, 1998), January 6, 2004 and May 27, 2004 (Ecological Ventures, June 7, 2004), March to July 2003 (TAIC and EDAW, January 2005), and December 6, 2006 and April 2, 2007 (HDR, January 2010) had negative detections of vernal pool plant species. In addition to the above mentioned surveys a soil sample was collected in the depression on the property site for a dry season fairy shrimp analysis with negative results for branchiopod cysts and San Diego fairy shrimp. Since no evidence of vernal pool plant species were observed on the property since 2000 and no fairy shrimp cyst were found during wet and dry season surveys it was determined that the site does not support a vernal pool plant community d)

as a result of site condition changes due to surrounding development, changes in drainage patterns, and pollution from stormwater runoff. Therefore, staff has determined that the proposed project site does not contain any wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, stream, lake, river or water of the U.S., that could potentially be impacted through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, diversion or obstruction by the proposed development. Therefore, no impacts will occur to wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and under the jurisdiction of the Army Corps of Engineers.

Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish

	or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discuss	sion/Explanation:					
(GIS) read a solution and a solution as solution contain center of the contain and the contain	pact: Based on an analysis of the Coecords, the County's Comprehensive Note that it evisit, County staff has determined that legal land disturbances (area has hister in a surrounded by developed the core of wildlife utilizing the site for ore, the project would not interfere with any fish or wildlife species, or establishes, or impede the use of native wildlife not the core in the project would not interfere with the core in the core	Matrix at the orically ddition opmer move the nade nade	of Sensitive Species, site photos, site has been completely disturbed y been used for cattle grazing) and n, the site is located within the town nt on the west, south, and east with ment, dispersal, or as a nursery. Novement of any native resident or ative resident or migratory wildlife			
e) Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources?						
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Dicours	sion/Evalanation:					

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less than Significant Impact**: The project is not subject to the County of San Diego Biological Mitigation Ordinance (BMO) because the project is not located within an approved Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP) and is located outside of the draft North County MSCP, pre-approved mitigation area (PAMA), nor does the site support coastal sage scrub habitat that is subject to the Habitat Loss Permit (HLP) Ordinance. In addition, wetlands and sensitive habitat lands as defined by the County of San Diego's Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO) do no occur on the project site.

Refer to the attached Ordinance Compliance Checklist dated **March 25, 2010** for further information on consistency with any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan, including, Habitat Management Plans (HMP), Special Area Management Plans (SAMP), or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources including the MSCP, BMO, RPO, HLP.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:						
	a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in 15064.5?					
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Dis	scuss	sion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright on June 28, 2007, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any historical resources. The property is currently vacant and graded. Therefore, the project would not result in impacts to historical resources.						
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to 15064.5?						
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Gail Wright, on June 28, 2007, it has been determined that the project site does not contain any archaeological resources. The 1.47-acre property is currently vacant and totally disturbed and surrounded on three sides by development. In addition, the project must comply with the San Diego County Grading, Clearing, and Watercourse Ordinance (§87.101-87.804), CEQA §15064.5(d), and §7050.5 of the Health & Safety Code. Section 87.429 of the Grading, Clearance, and Watercourse Ordinance requires the suspension of grading operations when human remains or Native American artifacts are encountered.

c)	c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?					
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact		
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Dis	cuss	ion/Explanation:				
pal wit is pot and ren	eonto h ava locato tentia d/or h nains	han Significant Impact: Unique Pale ological maps provided by the San Diegolal maps provided by the San Diegolal belong and an Ological formations that have all is assigned to geologic formations the high-energy depositional history, are just. Typically, low sensitivity formations pance, which are not considered highly se	go Mu logic f low that, t dged roduc	seum of Natural History, combined formations indicates that the project resource potential. Low resource pased on their relative young age unlikely to produce important fossice invertebrate fossil remains in low		
fee bec typ of   wit per cor exc hig	et. T drock ically paled h Cit rman ntribu ceed h or	ion, the project does not propose any go the minimum graded cut depth of 10 is unweathered and is the depth at what begin to be found. This excavation guest ontological experts from the San Diego by and County of San Diego staff. The ent loss of significant paleontological in the to a cumulatively considerable loss a cut depth of 10 feet and will disturb the moderate resource potential are requesting grading operations.	feet in the feet i	s the approximate depth at which ique paleontological resources care is based on professional opinions al History Museum and discussions e, the project will not result in the tion. Moreover, the project will not ormation, because all projects that reathered bedrock in the areas with		
Unique Geologic Features – The site does contain any unique geologic features that have been catalogued within the Conservation Element (Part X) of the County's General Plan or support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features. Additionally, based on a site visit by staff, no known unique geologic features were identified on the property or in the immediate vicinity.						
d)	Dist	urb any human remains, including those	interr	red outside of formal cemeteries?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

**No Impact:** Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff

archaeologist, Gail Wright, on June 28, 2007, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. In addition, the project must comply with the San Diego County Grading, Clearing, and Watercourse Ordinance (§87.101-87.804), CEQA §15064.5(d), and §7050.5 of the Health & Safety Code. Section 87.429 of the Grading, Clearance, and Watercourse Ordinance requires the suspension of grading operations when human remains or Native American artifacts are encountered.

## VI. GEOLOGY AND SOILS -- Would the project:

a)	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the
	risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

i		Rupture of a known earthquake fa Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Z for the area or based on other su Refer to Division of Mines and Ge	oning bstant	Map issued by the State Geologist tial evidence of a known fault?
	Les	entially Significant Impact s Than Significant With Mitigation orporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project is not located in a fault rupture hazard zone identified by the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California, or located within any other area with substantial evidence of a known fault. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known hazard zone as a result of this project.

ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?

Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: To ensure the structural integrity of all buildings and structures, the project must conform to the Seismic Requirements as outlined within the California Building Code. The County Code requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved before the issuance of a building permit. Therefore, compliance with the California Building Code and the County Code ensures the project will not result in a potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking.

iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				g liquefaction?		
	Pote	ntially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact		
		Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		No Impact		
Discuss	ion/E	xplanation:				
Liquefactor Geoceanista Liquefactor Geoceanis Satisfactor damage potentia	Less Than Significant Impact: The project site is located within a "Potential Liquefaction Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. However, the project will specify foundation designs to the satisfaction of the DPLU Building Division, which are adequate to preclude substantial damage to the proposed structures due to liquefaction. Therefore, there will be no potentially significant impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure, including liquefaction.					
iv	<b>/</b> .	Landslides?				
	Less	entially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Discuss	ion/E	xplanation:				
in the C Suscept Multi-Ju areas fr series ( USGS; develop (DMG). steeper located has a lo	<b>No Impact:</b> The project site is not within a "Landslide Susceptibility Area" as identified in the County Guidelines for Determining Significance for Geologic Hazards. Landslide Susceptibility Areas were developed based on landslide risk profiles included in the <i>Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, San Diego, CA</i> (URS, 2004). Landslide risk areas from this plan were based on data including steep slopes (greater than 25%); soil series data (SANDAG based on USGS 1970s series); soil-slip susceptibility from USGS; and Landslide Hazard Zone Maps (limited to western portion of the County) developed by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). Also included within Landslide Susceptibility Areas are gabbroic soils on slopes steeper than 15% in grade because these soils are slide prone. Since the project is not located within an identified Landslide Susceptibility Area and the geologic environment has a low probability to become unstable, the project would have no impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from landslides.					
b) F	Result	t in substantial soil erosion or the lo	oss of	topsoil?		
	Less	entially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		

**Less Than Significant Impact**: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Fallbrook sandy loam 5-9 percent slopes eroded (FaC2) that has a soil erodibility rating of "moderate" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Stormwater Management Plan dated August 1, 2009, prepared by Tri-Dimensional Engineering, Inc. The plan includes the following Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site.
- Construction BMPs: silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, dewatering operations, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations.

<u>Treatment BMPs</u>: Vegetated filter strip, infiltration trench, subsurface reservoir bed, and media filtration.

 The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

ĺ	Will the project produce unstable geolog impacts resulting from landslides, lateral collapse?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
	<b>pact:</b> The project is not located on le or would potentially become unstable ation refer to VI Geology and Soils, Ques	e as a	
,	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks to		•
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
Building slopes,	pact:  oject does not contain expansive soils as g Code (1994). The soils on-site are Fal , eroded. These soils have a shrink-swe ntial risks to life or property.	llbrool	sandy loam, 5 to 9 percent
confirm	ore, the project will not create a substant ned by staff review of the Soil Survey for ment of Agriculture, Soil Conservation a	the Sa	an Diego Area, prepared by the US
,	Have soils incapable of adequately supp alternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?	_	•
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		

No Impact: The project will rely on public water and sewer for the disposal of wastewater. A service availability letter dated March 6, 2007 has been received from the Ramona Municipal Water District indicating that the facility has adequate capacity for the projects wastewater disposal needs. No septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems are proposed.

## VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a)	Create a significant hazard to the public transport, storage, use, or disposal of hareasonably foreseeable upset and accid hazardous materials into the environment	azardo ent co	ous materials or wastes or through
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
enviror dispos curren demoli to the	npact: The project will not create a nment because it does not propose the all of Hazardous Substances, nor are tly in use in the immediate vicinity. In a sish any existing structures onsite and the release of asbestos, lead based partition activities.	ne sto e Ha addition erefor	prage, use, transport, emission, or zardous Substances proposed or on, the project does not propose to e would not create a hazard related
b)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle haz substances, or waste within one-quarter		·
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
propos	<b>pact:</b> The project is not located within or sed school. Therefore, the project will no sed school.	•	
c)	Be located on a site which is included or compiled pursuant to Government Code to have been subject to a release of haz would it create a significant hazard to the	Section Section	on 65962.5, or is otherwise known is substances and, as a result,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: Based on a site visit and regulatory database search, the project site has not been subject to a release of hazardous substances. The project site is not included in any of the following lists or databases: the State of California Hazardous Waste and Substances sites list compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5., the San Diego County Hazardous Materials Establishment database, the San Diego County DEH Site Assessment and Mitigation (SAM) Case Listing, the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Database ("CalSites" Envirostor Database), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS) listing, the EPA's Superfund CERCLIS database or the EPA's National Priorities List (NPL). Additionally, the project does not propose structures for human occupancy or significant linear excavation within 1,000 feet of an open, abandoned, or closed landfill, is not located on or within 250 feet of the boundary of a parcel identified as containing burn ash (from the historic burning of trash), is not on or within 1,000 feet of a Formerly Used Defense Site (FUDS), does not contain a leaking Underground Storage Tank, and is not located on a site with the potential for contamination from historic uses such as intensive agriculture, industrial uses, a gas station or vehicle repair shop. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or environment.

,	For a project located within an airport on the project adopted, within two miles of a the project result in a safety hazard for area?	public	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

## **Less Than Significant Impact:**

The project is located within the Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) for the Ramona Airport. However, the project was reviewed by Tim Taylor, DPLU airport hazard specialist, and determined not to result in a significant impact with regard to airport safety or the safety of persons or property within the project site or surrounding lands, for the following reasons:

- The project has been determined to be conditionally compatible with the Land Use Compatibility Policies of the Ramona Airport ALUCP, including the applicable Safety Compatibility Policies and residential development criteria for Airport Safety Zone 4. This determination was made by the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority on April 2, 2009.
- The project complies with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Runway Approach Protection Standards (Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 77 Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace) because it does not propose:

- 1. construction of any structure of a height or location which would exceed an airspace threshold requiring an obstruction evaluation from the FAA.
- 2. any distracting visual hazards including but not limited to distracting lights, glare, sources of smoke or other obstacles or an electronic hazard that would interfere with aircraft instruments or radio communications. Therefore, the project
- 3. any artificial bird attractor, including but not limited to reservoirs, golf courses with water hazards, large detention and retention basins, wetlands, landscaping with water features, wildlife refuges, or agriculture (especially cereal grains).

Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area.

e)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			
result,	<b>npact:</b> The proposed project is not wit the project will not constitute a safety hay of a private airstrip.		•	
f)	Impair implementation of or physically in response plan or emergency evacuation			
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Discus	ssion/Explanation:			

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN AND MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a comprehensive emergency plan that defines responsibilities, establishes an emergency organization, defines lines of communications, and is designed to be part of the statewide Standardized Emergency Management System. The Operational Area Emergency Plan provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan includes an overview of the risk assessment process, identifies hazards present in the jurisdiction, hazard profiles, and vulnerability assessments. The plan also identifies goals, objectives and actions for each jurisdiction in the County of San Diego, including all cities and the County unincorporated areas. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established or prevent the goals and objectives of existing plans from being carried out.

#### ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

#### iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

**No Impact:** The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

**No Impact:** The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

#### v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

**No Impact:** The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is not located within a dam inundation zone.

g)	Expose people or structures to a signifi wildland fires, including where wildlar where residences are intermixed with w	ids ai	re adjacent to urbanized areas or
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
Г	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	П	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. However, the project will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires because the project will comply with the regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in the Consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire Protection Districts in San Diego County and Appendix II-A, as adopted and amended by the local fire protection district. Implementation of these fire safety standards will occur during the Tentative Map, or building permit process. Also, a Fire Service Availability Letter and conditions, dated January 29, 2009, have been received from the Ramona Fire Prevention Bureau. The conditions from the Ramona Fire Prevention Bureau include: private easement roadway graded width of 28-feet and improved width of 24-feet asphaltic concrete, one commercial fire hydrant, automatic gates equipped with emergency key-operated switches, and 100 feet of defensible space around all structures. The Fire Service Availability Letter indicates the expected emergency travel time to the project site to be 5 minutes. The Maximum Travel Time allowed pursuant to the County Public Facilities Element is 5 minutes. Therefore, based on the review of the project by County staff, through compliance with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A and through compliance with the Ramona Fire Prevention Bureau conditions, the project is not anticipated to expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving hazardous wildland fires. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact, because all past, present and future projects in the surrounding area are required to comply with the Consolidated Fire Code and Appendix II-A.

h)	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health dise	incre es, ra	ease current or future resident's ts or flies, which are capable of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**No Impact:** The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Valerie Walsh on June 5, 2007 there are none of these uses on adjacent properties. Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

#### VIII. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY -- Would the project:

a) Violate any waste discharge requirements?

	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
on a 1.3 General The prodemons Require Associato imple treatme practica vacuum	han Significant Impact: The project 31 net acres which requires a Waste Dis I Permit for Discharges of Storm Wate bject applicant has provided a copy of strates that the project will comply with ement Permit and NPDES General Fixed with Construction Activities. The prement the following site design measured to the following storm water runoff: still be from entering storm water runoff: still storm drain inlet protection, stock e/exit, dewatering operations, vehicle	scharger Assorth all Permitorojectures al positif fenomial positif fenomial pile m	ge Requirement Permit and NPDES ociated with Construction Activities. It water Management Plan which requirements of Waste Discharge to for Discharges of Storm Water to site proposes and will be required and/or source control BMPs and/or ollutants to the maximum extent nce, fiber rolls, street sweeping and nanagement, stabilized construction

basin, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations, vegetated filter strip, infiltration trench, subsurface reservoir bed, and media filtration. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

b)	Is the project tributary to an already im Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, corpollutant for which the water body is already	uld the	e project result in an increase in any
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

(SUSMP).

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project lies in the Ramona hydrologic subarea, within the San Dieguito hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, a portion of this watershed at the Pacific Ocean and San Dieguito River is impaired for coliform bacteria. Constituents of concern in the San Dieguito watershed include coliform bacteria, nutrients, sediment, lowered dissolve oxygen, and trace metals.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: construction (sediment), landscaping (nitrate and pesticides), and possibly pet waste (bacteria). However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters: silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, dewatering operations, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations, vegetated filter strip, infiltration trench, subsurface reservoir bed, and media filtration.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm water Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c)	Could the proposed project cause or consurface or groundwater receiving water beneficial uses?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the Ramona hydrologic subarea, within the San Dieguito hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; preservation of biological habitats of special significance; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: construction activities, equipment storage, maintenance activities, and handling areas. However, the following site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses: silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, inlet protection. stockpile management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, dewatering operations, vehicle and equipment maintenance, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, sandbag barrier, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, and paving and grinding operations, vegetated filter strip, infiltration trench, subsurface reservoir bed, and media filtration.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)		Substantially deplete groundwater suppl groundwater recharge such that there we a lowering of the local groundwater table existing nearby wells would drop to a lev uses or planned uses for which permits l	ould be level rel whi	e a net deficit in aquifer volume or (e.g., the production rate of pre- ich would not support existing land
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
Dis	cus	sion/Explanation:		
Dis pro cor inte foll gro imp mil rec	strict oject ome erfer owir ound oerv e).	that obtains water from surface reservoir that obtains water from surface reservoir will not use any groundwater for any purercial demands. In addition, the project of e substantially with groundwater recharging: the project does not involve regional water basin; or diversion or channelizatious layers, such as concrete lining or cultiple activities and operations can subsige. Therefore, no impact to groundwater ostantially alter the existing drainage patters.	rpose does n ge incl divers on of a alverts stantia	other imported water source. The including irrigation, domestic or not involve operations that would uding, but not limited to the sion of water to another a stream course or waterway with a for substantial distances (e.g. 1/4 ally affect rates of groundwater urces is anticipated.
<del>C</del> )	the	alteration of the course of a stream or rivistantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site	ver, in	
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	Dis	cussion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes a 14-unit condominium project. As outlined in the Storm water Management Plan (SWMP) received January 22, 2010 and prepared by Tri-Dimensional Engineering, the project will implement site design, source control, and treatment control BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. The measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMP's that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring,

and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

f)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including threather alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rat amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-si			
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	Disc	cussion/Explanation:		
	esta follo	s Than Significant Impact: The problems of significant blished drainage patterns or significant wing reasons, based on the CEQA Draineering received January 22, 2010:	tly inc	rease the amount of runoff for the
	a.	Drainage will be conveyed to natural d	rainag	ge channels and approved drainage
	b.	The project will not significantly in watercourse with a watershed.	ncreas	se water surface elevation in a
	C.	The project will not significantly increase Post development runoff rates and velevels by means of proposed infiltration	locities	s will be limited to pre-development
	or ar increson- on- or alteraproje	refore, the project will not substantially a rea, including through the alteration of the ease the rate or amount of surface runoff or off-site. Moreover, the project will not ation or a drainage pattern or increase in ect will not substantially increase water suiled above.	cours in a n contr the r	e of a stream or river, or substantially nanner which would result in flooding ibute to a cumulatively considerable ate or amount of runoff, because the
g)		ate or contribute runoff water which wou ned storm water drainage systems?	ıld exc	eed the capacity of existing or
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Discussion/Explanation	n:
------------------------	----

Less Than Significant Impact: The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. Post development runoff rates and velocities will be limited to pre-development levels by means of proposed infiltration/retention trenches.

h)	h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Dis	cuss	ion/Explanation:		
pol are and pot fen ma equ del cor infi	luted eas, c d/or s eentia ice, fi inage uipme ivery nserv Itratic	runoff: construction activities, equipment outdoor vehicles and equipment. However, and equipment of the pollutants will be reduced in runoff ber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming ment, stabilized construction entrancement maintenance, desilting basin, grave and storage, spill prevention and contation practices, and paving and grir on trench, subsurface reservoir bed, and ter Quality Questions a, b, c, for further	nent a ever, foontro to the ng, sto (exit, of el bag trol, conding d med	and materials, waste and handling the following site design measures I BMPs will be employed such that a maximum extent practicable: silt orm drain inlet protection, stockpile dewatering operations, vehicle and g berm, sandbag barrier, material oncrete waste management, water operations, vegetated filter strip, ia filtration. Refer to VIII Hydrology
i)	Haza	e housing within a 100-year flood haz ard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate , including County Floodplain Maps?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

No FEMA mapped floodplains, County-mapped floodplains or drainages with a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site (or off-site improvement locations); therefore, no impact will occur.

j) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?

		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	Disc	cussion/Explanation:		
		Impact: No 100-year flood hazard are site improvement locations); therefore, n		
k)		ose people or structures to a significant ding, including flooding as a result of the		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	Disc	cussion/Explanation:		
	The	<b>Impact:</b> The project site lies outside refore, the project will not expose peoth involving flooding.	-	•
l)	Inun	ndation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?		
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Dis	scuss	sion/Explanation:		
i.	5	SEICHE		
		<b>pact:</b> The project site is not located alre, could not be inundated by a seiche.	ong tl	he shoreline of a lake or reservoir;
ii.	٦	TSUNAMI		

#### iii. **MUDFLOW**

event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff geologist has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the

existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

a) Physically divide an established commu				
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Less than Significant Impact</li><li>✓ No Impact</li></ul>			
Discussion/Explanation:				
<b>No Impact:</b> The project does not propose the major roadways or water supply systems, or proposed project will not significantly disrupt or	or utilities to the area. Therefore, the			
<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>	<ul><li>✓ Less than Significant Impact</li><li>☐ No Impact</li></ul>			
Discussion/Explanation:				
Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policy (1.1) Current Urban Development Area (CUDA) and General Plan Land Use Designation (13) General Commercial. The proposed project has a gross parcel size and density that are consistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the Ramona Community Plan and proposes an appropriate residential land use and density located in the Ramona Town Center, where higher density residential uses are encouraged. The current zone is C34, which requires a net minimum lot size of 6,000 square feet. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size.				
<ul> <li>X. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project</li> <li>a) Result in the loss of availability of a know value to the region and the residents of</li> </ul>	wn mineral resource that would be of			
☐ Potentially Significant Impact	✓ Less than Significant Impact			

	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			
<b>Less Than Significant Impact</b> : The project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of "Potential Mineral Resource Significance" (MRZ-3).			
However, the project site is surrounded by densely developed land uses including commercial and residential development which are incompatible to future extraction of mineral resources on the project site. A future mining operation at the project site would likely create a significant impact to neighboring properties for issues such as noise, air quality, traffic, and possibly other impacts. Therefore, implementation of the project will not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value since the mineral resource has already been lost due to incompatible land uses.			
,	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			
<b>No Impact:</b> The project site is zoned C34, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S-82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000).			
Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of locally important mineral resource recovery (extraction) site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan will occur as a result of this project.			
<ul> <li>XI. NOISE Would the project result in:</li> <li>a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?</li> </ul>			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discussion/Explanation:			

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project consists of the development of 14 detached residential condominiums and will be occupied by residential use. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

#### General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. The closest Circulation Element roadway is Main Street and is located approximately 750 feet from the project site which is considered well distanced from this noise source. Based on GIS noise layers, Sandag 2030 Future Traffic Forecast, existing topography and site structures, future traffic noise levels to the project site will experience noise levels below the 60 dBA CNEL noise threshold. This is based on a review by County Noise Specialist Emmet Aquino on June 10, 2009. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

## Ramona Community Plan

The County of San Diego General Plan, Ramona Community Plan, has a standard of CNEL 55 dB(A) for all projected noise contours near main circulation roadways, airports and other noise sources and requires mitigation if this level is exceeded. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 55 dB(A). The closest Circulation Element roadway is Main Street and is located approximately 750 feet from the project site which is considered well distanced from this noise source. Based on GIS noise layers, Sandag 2030 Future Traffic Forecast, existing topography and site structures, future traffic noise levels to the project site will experience noise levels below the 55 dBA CNEL noise threshold. This is based on a review by County Noise Specialist Emmet Aquino on June 10, 2009. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Ramona Community Plan.

#### Noise Ordinance - Section 36.404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.404) at or beyond the project's property line. The project is zoned C34. Land uses to the northwest is zoned RS7 and uses to the southwest is zoned A70. Property line noise levels where there are two zoning districts are subject to the arithmetic mean of both zones pursuant to the County Noise Ordinance. The project will be subject to the most restrictive nighttime one-hour average of 50 dBA at the project property lines. The project proposes air conditioning units for each residential unit and these proposed units will consist of models specified within a tentatively approved noise report filed under TM

5509. Noise calculations associated with this detached condominium project will consist of a Comfortmaker N2H342AKA Air Conditioning Unit with a sound power level of 75 dBA. Based strictly on attenuation by distance and conservative noise calculations, this air conditioning unit will generate noise levels as high as 49.4 dBA at 20 feet. Based on the project site plans, proposed air conditioning units will be located at 20 feet or more from the project boundary line thus, demonstrating compliance with the County Noise Ordinance, Section 36.404.

## Noise Ordinance - Section 36.409

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.409). The detached condominium project was also evaluated in regards to construction equipment activities. The project is subject to the construction equipment section within the County Noise Ordinance and must comply with the property line construction equipment section of 75 dBA at the property line. The operation of construction equipment is considered temporary and the project proposes all mass grading to be conducted in one phase. Completion of mass grading is anticipated to be completed in one month. Additionally, the project does not propose any impulsive type of construction equipment. Construction noise associated with the project will be less than significant and demonstrates compliance with the County Noise Ordinance construction equipment section. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36.409. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b and Ramona Community Plan) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36.404 and 36.409) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of groundborne noise levels?	exce	ssive groundborne vibration or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project proposes residences where low ambient vibration is essential for interior operation and/or sleeping conditions. However, the facilities are typically setback more than 50 feet from any County Circulation Element

(CE) roadway using rubber-tired vehicles with projected groundborne noise or vibration contours of 38 VdB or less; any property line for parcels zoned industrial or extractive use; or any permitted extractive uses. A setback of 50 feet from the roadway centerline for heavy-duty truck activities would insure that these proposed uses or operations do not have any chance of being impacted significantly by groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels (Harris, Miller Miller and Hanson Inc., *Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment* 1995, Rudy Hendriks, *Transportation Related Earthborne Vibrations* 2002). This setback insures that this project site will not be affected by any future projects that may support sources of groundborne vibration or groundborne noise related to the adjacent roadways.

Also, the project does not propose any major, new or expanded infrastructure such as mass transit, highways or major roadways or intensive extractive industry that could generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels and impact vibration sensitive uses in the surrounding area.

Therefore, the project will not expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels on a project or cumulative level.

,	A substantial permanent increase in am above levels existing without the project	noise levels in the project vicinity
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

## Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: Vehicle traffic on nearby roadways and activities associate with detached residential condominiums. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.

The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

,	A substantial temporary or periodic increvicinity above levels existing without the		• •
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		
evaluat constru with the The oppropose is anticiany improject Ordinar during anticipa sound I not resi	Than Significant Impact: The detection regards to construction equipment action equipment section within the Core property line construction equipment be property line construction equipment is set all mass grading to be conducted in ipated to be completed in one month. Applicated to be completed in one month, will be less than significant and demonstruction equipment section. The permitted hours of operation pursual ated that the project will operate construction of 75dB between the hours of 7 AM ault in a substantial temporary or periodic project vicinity.	nt active unty N section consider one p Addition Constrates Consider nt to action M and	vities. The project is subject to the Noise Ordinance and must comply on of 75 dBA at the property line. Idered temporary and the project hase. Completion of mass grading onally, the project does not propose struction noise associated with the compliance with the County Noise truction operations will occur only Section 36.409. Also, it is not equipment in excess of an average 7 PM. Therefore, the project would
r	For a project located within an airport lar not been adopted, within two miles of a p the project expose people residing or wo noise levels?	oublic	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\checkmark$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project is located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport for the Ramona Airport. However, the project implementation is not expected to expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of Ramona Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan, Figure Compatibility Policy Map: Noise and review by County Noise Specialist Emmet Aquino on June 10, 2009. The location of the project is outside of the CNEL 60 dB(A) contours for the airport and/or the CLUP.

In addition, based on the list of past, present and future projects there are no new or expanded public airports projects in the vicinity that may extend the boundaries of the CNEL 60 dB noise contour or CLUP. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise on a project or cumulative level.

,	For a project within the vicinity of a priva people residing or working in the project		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
airstrip;	pact: The proposed project is not locally therefore, the project will not expose excessive airport-related noise levels.		
a) l	<b>DPULATION AND HOUSING</b> Would to Induce substantial population growth in a proposing new homes and businesses) extension of roads or other infrastructure	an are or indi	a, either directly (for example, by
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/Explanation:		
area be would r limited comme convers Genera	pact: The proposed project will not inceeduse the project does not propose remove a restriction to or encourage porto the following: new or extended ercial or industrial facilities; large-scal sion of homes to commercial or multi-fall Plan amendments, specific plan amendmexations; or LAFCO annexation actions.	any populati infra e res mily u	physical or regulatory change that on growth in an area including, but structure or public facilities; new idential development; accelerated se; or regulatory changes including
	Displace substantial numbers of existing of replacement housing elsewhere?	hous	ing, necessitating the construction
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

		s Than Significant With Mitigation rporated	$\checkmark$	No Impact
Discus	sion/E	Explanation:		
	ly vac		-	e existing housing since the site is swill yield a net gain of available
•	-	ace substantial numbers of peo cement housing elsewhere?	ple,	necessitating the construction of
	Less	entially Significant Impact s Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	sion/E	Explanation:		
	-	The proposed project will not one is currently vacant.	lisplad	ce a substantial number of people
a)	Would the pr physic signifi respo	cally altered governmental facilities	d gove the of er to r	ernmental facilities, need for new or construction of which could cause maintain acceptable service ratios, ratios, response times or other
	i. ii. iii. iv. v.	Police protection? Schools? Parks? Other public facilities?		
	Less	entially Significant Impact s Than Significant With Mitigation rporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
D:	-:/F	·lanatian.		

Discussion/Explanation:

No Impact: Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: Ramona Fire Department, Ramona Municipal Water District, Ramona Unified School District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

## XIV. RECREATION

•	Would the project increase the use of exor other recreational facilities such that sacility would occur or be accelerated?	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. proposed project opted to pay fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

With regard to regional recreational facilities, there are over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive acreage of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation, the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities

because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant amount of regional recreational facilities will be available to County residents.

b)	Does the project include recreational face expansion of recreational facilities, which on the environment?		•
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
constr expan enviro	ruction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot honment.  TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would to Cause an increase in traffic which is sure load and capacity of the street system either the number of vehicle trips, the	cilities ave a he pro ubstar (i.e.,	an adverse physical effect on the oject:  Itial in relation to the existing traffice result in a substantial increase in
	congestion at intersections)?  Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated ssion/Explanation:		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

## **Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated:**

## **DIRECT IMPACTS:**

The project will not have any significant direct traffic impacts that require mitigation. A Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA), prepared by Katz, Okitsu, and Associates, received August 25, 2009 has been completed. The TIA concluded that no direct impacts would occur on the project's two main SR 67 intersections. Since sections of SR 67 segments and intersections are already at LOS E or F, the project has only cumulative traffic impacts that require mitigation.

## **CUMULATIVE IMPACTS:**

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This Program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) Program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, State, and Federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 112 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the County that were analyzed by the TIF Program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF Program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

k	Exceed, either individually or cumuestablished by the County congestion by the County of San Diego Transportated or highways?	manag	gement agency and/or as identified
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discuss	sion/Explanation:		

## **Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated:**

## **DIRECT IMPACTS:**

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## **CUMULATIVE IMPACTS:**

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c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic lor a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
		Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant: The main compatibility concerns for the protection of airport airspace are related to airspace obstructions (building height, antennas, etc.) and hazards to flight (wildlife attractants, distracting lighting or glare, etc.). The proposed project is located within the Airport Influence Area of the Ramona Airport. The project proposes 14 detached townhouses, and is located within Airport Safety Zone 4 of the Ramona Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP). The project was reviewed by

Tim Taylor, DPLU airport hazard specialist, and was determined not to result in a change in air traffic patterns for the following reasons:

- The proposed land uses have been determined to be conditionally consistent with the allowable land uses identified for Airport Safety Zone 4 within the ALUCP by the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority. Therefore, the project would not result in a change in air traffic patterns because the allowable land uses within airport safety zones are created for the purpose of ensuring ongoing airport safety, including maintenance of air traffic patterns.
- The project complies with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Runway Approach Protection Standards (Federal Aviation Regulations, Part 77 – Objects Affecting Navigable Airspace). See section VII.d. Hazards and Hazardous Materials.

Therefore, the proposed project will not have a significant impact on air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks.

d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or

dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?						
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discus	sion/Explanation:					
safety of be requiversely Departion the Countries the particular propose	Less Than Significant Impact: The proposed project will not significantly alter traffic safety on Pala, La Brea, and Roberson Streets. Safe and adequate sight distance shall be required at all driveways and intersections to the satisfaction of the Director of the Department of Public Works. All road improvements will be constructed according to the County of San Diego Public and Private Road Standards. The proposed project will not place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly increase hazards due to design features or incompatible uses.					
e) Res	sult in inadequate emergency access?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discuss	sion/Explanation:					

**Less Than Significant:** The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The Ramona Fire Department has reviewed the proposed project and associated emergency access roadways and has determined that there is adequate emergency fire access proposed. Additionally, roads used will be required to be improved to County standards.

-	-					
f) Re	sult in inadequate parking capacity?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discu	ssion/Explanation:					
requir The p consistive u with the pa	Less Than Significant Impact: The Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two onsite parking spaces for each dwelling unit with three bedrooms or more. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two onsite parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance. In addition, one guest parking space for every five units is required under the County's Zoning Ordinance and this project complies with this requirement by proposing two additional guest parking spaces. According to the parking schedule, one handicapped parking space is required for 40 or less total required spaces.					
	onflict with adopted policies, plans, or prognsportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle ra	_	supporting alternative			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
Discu	ssion/Explanation:					
pedes impro	Than Significant: The project does retrians or bicyclists, since no hazards wements will be constructed to maintain trians and bicyclists.	or ba	rriers are proposed. Any required			
XVI. ( a)	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS YExceed wastewater treatment requirement Quality Control Board?		• •			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

Discussion/Explanation:

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to a community sewer system that is permitted to operate by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). A project facility availability form has been received from Ramona Municipal Water District that indicates the district will serve the project. The following conditions are required by the Ramona Municipal Water District: Therefore, because the project will be discharging wastewater to a RWQCB permitted community sewer system and will be required to satisfy the conditions listed above, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB, including the Regional Basin Plan.

D)	facilities or expansion of existing facilities significant environmental effects?		
	<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
treatn expar forms waste indica from f	mpact: The project does not include nent facilities. In addition, the project asion of water or wastewater treatment face received, the project will not require constant treatment facilities. Service avaints adequate water and wastewater treatment following agencies/districts: Ramona ct will not require any construction of new locant environmental effects.	t doe acilities onstrud lability ment f Munid	s not require the construction or s. Based on the service availability ction of new or expanded water or forms have been provided which facilities are available to the project cipal Water District. Therefore, the
c)	Require or result in the construction of nexpansion of existing facilities, the consenvironmental effects?		
	<ul><li>Potentially Significant Impact</li><li>Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated</li></ul>		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

**Less Than Significant Impact:** The project involves new storm water drainage facilities. The new facilities include vegetated filter strip, infiltration trench, subsurface reservoir bed, and media filtration. Refer to the Storm water Management Plan dated **August 1, 2009** for more information. However, as outlined in this Environmental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the new facilities will not result in adverse physical effect

	e environment. Specifically, refer to Secinformation.	tion V	III Hydrology and Water Quality for
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available entitlements and resources, or are new		. ,
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
Munic Distric availa	Than Significant Impact: The project ipal Water District. A Service Availability at has been provided, indicating adequable to serve the requested water resonent water supplies available to serve the	Lette te wa urces.	r from the Ramona Municipal Water ter resources and entitlements are Therefore, the project will have
e)	Result in a determination by the wastew may serve the project that it has adequa projected demand in addition to the prov	te cap	pacity to serve the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discus	ssion/Explanation:		
Less Than Significant Impact: The project requires wastewater service from the Ramona Municipal Water District. A Service Availability Letter from the Ramona Municipal Water District has been provided, indicating adequate wastewater service capacity is available to serve the requested demand. Therefore, the project will no interfere with any wastewater treatment provider's service capacity.			
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per project's solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	I capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Incorporated

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Less Than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local

No Impact

Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Discu	ssion/Explanation:		
All sol In Sar Enford Califo Public Title 2 depos Feder	than Significant Impact: Implementation lid waste facilities, including landfills required Diego County, the County Department of cement Agency issues solid waste facility rnia Integrated Waste Management Boards Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018), Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Set all solid waste at a permitted solid waste at, State, and local statutes and regulation MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICA	ire solof Environmental permoder (CIV 8) and Section te facions relations relations.	id waste facility permits to operate. ironmental Health, Local its with concurrence from the VMB) under the authority of the I California Code of Regulations in 21440et seq.). The project will lity and therefore, will comply with ated to solid waste.
a)	Does the project have the potential to substantially reduce the habitat of a wildlife population to drop below self-splant or animal community, substantially of a rare or endangered plant or animal major periods of California history or present the project of t	degra fish o sustair y redu al or e	ade the quality of the environment, r wildlife species, cause a fish or ning levels, threaten to eliminate a ice the number or restrict the range eliminate important examples of the
✓	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of

the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. Biological resources that have been evaluated as significant would be potentially impacted by the project. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes offsite acquisition of 0.51-acre of native or non-native grassland. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

	considerable? ("Cumulatively considera a project are considerable when viewed projects, the effects of other current projects)?	ble" med in	neans that the incremental effects of connection with the effects of pas
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation		Less than Significant Impact
<b>√</b>	Incorporated	Ш	No Impact

Discussion/Explanation:

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
Mustafa TPM	TPM 20811
Giffen TPM	TPM 20826
Cummings Ranch	TM 5344
Vengler TPM	TPM 20348
Elliot TM	TM 5302
Ramona Village Condo Conversion	TM 5483
Herold 3 Lots	TPM 20919
Herold Development	TPM 20522
Bill Herold TPM	TPM 20463
Rakos 4 Lot	TPM 20442
Hales TPM	TPM 20198
Ledesma TPM	TPM 20760
Quisenberry 10-Lot	TM 5124
Meadow Builders	TM 5311
Sunset Vista	TM 5257
Zeigler 2 Lots	TPM 21082
Kearney	TM 5237
Herold, Ashley Road	TPM 20703
Agha 2-Lots	TPM 21043

Humphy's	TPM 20656
Quisenberry TPM	TPM 20437
Herold	TPM 20679
F Street Subdivision	TM 5537

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to biology and transportation. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes 0.51-acre of native or non-native grassland habitat acquisition, and a traffic impact fee. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)		Does the project have environmenta adverse effects on human beings, either	
	□ ☑	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

## Discussion/Explanation:

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to transportation. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes a traffic impact fee. As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

# XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to <a href="http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/">http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/</a>. For State regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.leginfo.ca.gov</a>. For County regulation refer to <a href="http://www.amlegal.com">www.amlegal.com</a>. All other references are available upon request.

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